

Run By Shorthand Dictation Legal Matters

Since 2005

(Sir Isaac Pitman's Shorthand)

Krishna Shorthand Institute

कृष्णा आशुलिपिक संस्थान

(English Only) By. A.V. Kushwaha

(For Govt. Jobs, SSC (Group D & C), Supreme Court, High Court, District Courts, ASRB, CRPF, Railway, CBSC & all other departments requiring "English Stenographer/ Personal Assistant/Private Secretary"

(87, Sulem Sarai, Prayagraj, Uttar Pradesh)

(Contact No. 7355504435)

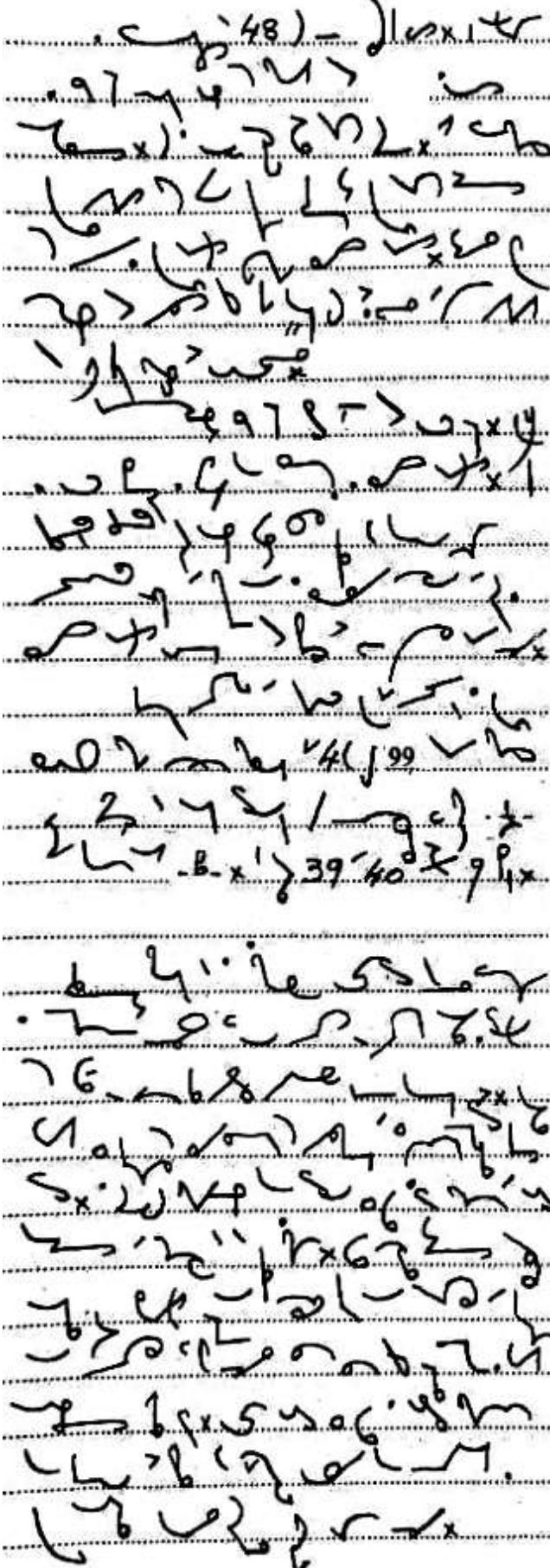
If you are not upgrading, you are downgrading.

SSC/Court Skill Test Based Dictations: It covers all skill tests conducted by SSC etc including any Court (Supreme Court, High Court, District Courts, Tribunals, Law Firms).

5

Krishna Shorthand Institute, Online English Shorthand Class at 7355504435 by Sir AV Kushwaha, Shorthand Dictation Legal Matters.

Topic: India's Socialist Democracy Policy Declaration


The Industrial Policy Resolution of 1948 was good so far as it went. But, unfortunately, the spirit of it could not be understood or appreciated by the common man in this country. So, a new ORIENTATION of this policy was given. And the hon. Prime Minister after his return from China PUBLICLY declared that the future / policy of the country or rather the future PATTERN of society will be the socialist pattern. That was further EMPHASISED by the resolution passed at the Avadi session of the Congress, and later REITERATED by Shri Dhebar, President of the (100) Indian National Congress.

I am very glad to say that the spirit of it has been caught by the nation / today. If I may say so, the nation has taken up the challenge for securing the socialist pattern of society. / It BEHOVES all sections, both inside this House as well as outside, without having mutual RECRIMINATIONS, to try and PROPAGATE in a sincere manner and establish the socialist pattern of society indicated by the statements of the great leaders of / our country.

It may be RELEVANT and PERTINENT, if I refer to a few sentences from the memorandum presented on (200) the 4th June 1999 by our Prime Minister, who was the Chairman of the All India / Planning Committee which came into existence when there was full AUTONOMY in the states On pages 39 and 40 of / that report, he stated :

It is clear that the drawing up of a COMPREHENSIVE national plan becomes clearly an / ACADEMIC exercise with no relation to reality unless the planning authority or those to whom it is responsible are in / a position to give effect to the Plan. If this authority is powerless or CIRCUMSCRIBED or restricted and has (300) limited activities, it cannot plan. An essential PRE-REQUISITE for planning is thus complete freedom and independence for the country and / removal of all outside control. This IMPLIES that the country POSSESSES in itself full SOVEREIGN authority to take any measures, / adopt any policies, and form any relations with other countries as may seem best to its governing authority in the / interests of the country and its people. National Independence is thus an INDISPENSABLE PRELIMINARY for taking all the steps that / might be found necessary for CARRYING OUT the five year plan in all its various aspects throughout the whole country. (400)

Increase Your Vocabulary: Learn New and Important Words from the Passage Dictated

SSC/General/Legal Matter

1. **hedge**: (verb) (past participle: hedged) to surround or restrict something with barriers or limitations
घेरना, बाधा डालना
2. **obstructing**: (verb) (present participle) to block or prevent progress or movement बाधा डालना, रोकना
3. **numerous**: (adjective) many; existing in large numbers अनेक, बहुत सारे
4. **block**: (verb) to obstruct or prevent passage or progress रोकना, अवरुद्ध करना
5. **at a time**: (phrase) during a particular period; simultaneously एक समय में, एक साथ
6. **bitterest**: (adjective) (superlative form) most intense, harsh, or painful सबसे कड़वा, सबसे कठोर
7. **propaganda**: (noun) information, especially biased, used to promote a particular cause or point of view प्रचार
8. **totalitarian**: (adjective) relating to a system of government that is centralized and dictatorial अधिनायकवादी, तानाशाही

9.undertaking: (noun) a formal pledge or promise; a task or project वचन, प्रतिज्ञा

10.all along: (phrase) from the beginning; throughout शुरू से ही, हमेशा से

11.undiluted: (adjective) not weakened or reduced in strength; pure बिना पानी मिला, शुद्ध

12.in the garb of: (phrase) in the appearance or disguise of के भेष में, के रूप में

13.luckily: (adverb) fortunately; by good fortune सौभाग्य से, खुशकिस्मती से

14.amenities: (noun) (plural) desirable or useful features; facilities that provide comfort सुविधाएँ

15.from the womb to the grave: (phrase) from birth to death; throughout one's entire life जन्म से मृत्यु तक

16.enunciation: (noun) the act of expressing or stating something clearly उच्चारण, घोषणा

17.determination: (noun) firmness of purpose; resolve दृढ़ संकल्प, निश्चय

18.countrymen: (noun) (plural) people from the same country; fellow citizens देशवासी, हमवतन

By Sir AV Kushwaha,
Krishna Shorthand Institute,
via online Telegram Class at 7355504435

Accuracy Builder:

Capitalized Words with Simple Reasons for Capitalization:

Capitalized Word	Reason	Rule
Industrial Policy	Official document name	Names of official policies, laws, and documents
Resolution		
Prime Minister	Official title	Titles when referring to specific person
China	Country name	Names of countries, cities, places
Congress	Political party name	Names of organizations and parties
Avadi	Place name	Names of specific locations
Shri Dhebar	Person's name	All proper names of people
President	Official title	Titles with specific reference
Indian National Congress	Organization name	Full names of institutions
House	Parliament/ Legislature	Specific governmental body
All India Planning Committee	Official committee name	Names of committees and bodies
Plan	Specific Year Plan	Five When referring to a specific plan as a proper noun
Father of the Nation	Honorary title	Special titles of honour
Mahatma Gandhi	Person's name	All proper names

Capitalized Word	Reason	Rule
British Government	Specific government	Names of specific governments
Fundamental Rights	Constitutional provision	Specific legal/constitutional terms
Constitution	India's Constitution	Specific founding documents

ACCURACY BUILDER: PUNCTUATION & COMMA ANALYSIS

COMMAS (.) - The Most Common

Usage	Example from Text	Why?
After introductory phrases	"But, unfortunately, the spirit..."	Separates word from main sentence
Setting off transitions	"So, a new orientation..."	Marks transition words
In lists	"...liberty of thought, liberty of speech, and liberty of action..."	Separates items in a series
After dependent clauses	"If I may say so, the nation has taken..."	Separates conditional statement from main idea
Around insertions	"...as I have said many times, Sets off extra will not satisfy..."	information
Before quotes	"On pages 39 and 40 of that report, he stated:"	Introduces quoted material

OTHER PUNCTUATION

Mark Name	Example	Purpose
.	"...in this country."	Ends complete sentences

Mark	Name	Example	Purpose
:	Colon	"...he stated:"	Introduces explanation or quote
:	Semicolon	(not in this passage)	Links closely related sentences
-	Hyphen	"country-women"	Joins compound words
'	Apostrophe	"country's"	Shows possession
....	Quotation marks	(for quoted speech) (not in this passage)	Marks exact words spoken

COMMA RULES - Simple Memory Chart

- ✓ After "But, So, Now, Therefore" at sentence start
- ✓ Around "unfortunately, luckily, therefore" (interrupters)
- ✓ Before "and, but, or" joining two complete thoughts
- ✓ Between items: "A, B, and C"
- ✓ After "If..., When..., Although..." clauses
- ✓ Around names when addressing: "my hon. friend"
- ✓ Before introducing quotes: He said, "..."

By Sir AV Kushwaha,
Krishna Shorthand Institute,
via online Telegram Class at 7355504435